

EU Research & Innovation Agenda Nature-Based Solutions

Workshop on Implementation of Nature-based Solutions to tackle climate change Marseille, 22 January, 2019

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- One of the EC's Executive Agencies
- Working together with the parent DGs
- Managing EU programmes
 - ➢ Parts of H2020 → SC5 Environment and Resources
 - SME-instrument
 - > EMFF
 - > LIFE
 - > COSME



Nature-based Solutions



... an ecosystem-based initiative

Nature-Based Solutions (NBS) [the innovative approach]

Nature-based solutions to societal challenges are solutions that are inspired and supported by nature, which are cost-effective, simultaneously provide **environmenta**l, **social** and **economic** benefits and help build resilience. Such solutions bring more, and more diverse, nature and natural features and processes into cities, landscapes and seascapes, through locally adapted, resource-efficient and systemic interventions.

https://ec.europa.eu/research/environment/ index_en.cfm?pg=nature-based-solutions





Policy context





R&I NBS roadmap

- 1. Enhance the framework conditions for NBS at EU **policy** level
- 2. Develop a European **community of innovators** through awareness and engagement
- 3. Provide the **evidence and knowledge base** for nature-based solutions
- 4. Advance the development, uptake and upscale of innovative nature-based solutions through systemic innovation and co-design, co-development, coimplementation of solutions and leverage of funding (large demos)
- 5. Mainstream nature-based solutions within the international R&I agenda.





NBS Implementation Knowledge and Community

European Commission



Nature-based solutions use natural resources and processes to improve urban and natural areas. They simultaneously benefit human society, the economy and nature. They are sustainability-orientated, so they help solve problems now, but also strengthen and protect our future world.



oppla



NBS Case studies



Edinburgh - NBS enhancing health, wealth and sustainability



Genk - NBS bridging green and industrial heritage



Linz - NBS as a motor for urban growth



London - NBS for a leading sustainable city

<u>oppla.eu/</u>

- Aim: identify NBS actions in European cities, and highlight best practices
- These include NBS as such but also other actions considered as enabling the implementation of NBS
- The case studies provide examples of the multiple benefits delivered by different kinds of NBS implemented in EU cities



✓ Interoperable with other platforms (BISE, Climate Adapt, etc...



Milan - NBS for urban regeneration



Oradea - Improving quality of life with NBS



Poznań - NBS for a friendly, mobile city



Rotterdam - NBS for building a waterproof city



SCC-02-2016/2017: Demonstrating innovative nature-based solutions in cities (IA)

- ✓ (2016) NBS for water and climate resilience in urban areas (40 M €)
- ✓ (2017) NBS to enhance health, wellbeing and social cohesion through inclusive urban regeneration (44 M €)





Cities coverage in H2020-SCC-02-2016-2017



NATURE with :

- Technical innovation
- Social and governance innovation
- Regulatory innovation
- Land-management & urban planning innovation
- Business and finance innovation



SCC-03–2016: Research and Innovation on business, finance and governance models and Economic Impact Assessment (15 M €)

- ✓ capture the multiple impacts & values of NBS for decision-making, including in spatial planning
- ✓ identify promising governance, business/finance and participation models
- ✓ leverage of investments and synergies between private and public action



www.nature4cities.eu



www.naturvation.eu

European Commission

SC5-09–2016: Operationalizing insurance value of ecosystems (5 M €)

- ✓ Develop replicable methods for the implementation of nature-based approaches for flood and drought risk
- Evidence base and methods for the quantification, qualification and valuation of the insurance value of ecosystems to enable its full operationalization.

SC5-10–2016: Multi-stakeholder dialogue platform to promote innovation with nature to address societal challenges (CSA) (3 M €)

- ✓ A multi-stakeholder platform (science-policy-business)
- ✓ Continuous dialogue and interaction
- ✓ Promoting successful NBS
- ✓ Enhancing collaboration



www.think-nature.eu



Horizon 2020

http://naiad2020.eu/



SC5-08–2017: Large-scale demonstrators on nature-based solutions for hydro-meteorological risk reduction (29 M €)



www.reconect.eu







phusicos.eu



Horizon 2020 Calls 2018-2019

SC5-03-2018: Demonstrating systemic urban development for circular and regenerative cities <u>39 Meur</u>

Commission

- SC5-13-2018: Streightening international cooperation on sustainable urbanization: China <u>10 Meur</u>
- SC5-14-2019: Visionary and integrated solutions to improve well being and health in cities <u>43 Meur</u>
- SC5-13-2019: Streightening international cooperation on sustainable urbanization: CELAC <u>10 Meur</u>
- Fotal: ± 243 Meur



Common NBS impact evaluation framework



An impact evaluation framework to support planning and evaluation of nature-based solutions projects

An EKLIPSE Expert Working Group report



alexan.	Contents lists available at ScienceDirect
200	Environmental Science and Policy
ELSEVIER	journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/envsci
A framework for a solutions in urban Christopher M. Raymon	ssessing and implementing the co-benefits of nature-based areas nd ¹ , Niki Frantzeskaki ⁰ , Nadja Kabisch ^r , Pam Berry ^d , Margaretha Breil ^e ,
Mihai Razvan Nita', Da	wide Geneletti [#] , Carlo Calfapietra [®]
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The potential for introducing ecosystem-based approaches i urban planning and policy-making is increasingly gaining attent from both scientists and policy-makers as approaches that offer ainable and cost-efficient solutions for water management (Arm nature-based solutions (NBS) in order to work integratively with recosystems to adapt to and mitigate the impacts from clinate change conserve biodiversity and improve human health and well-bein (Cohen-Stachan et al., 2016). NBS can be defined as "notifions that ar impared and supported by nature, which are cost effective, simulti neously provide environmental, social and economic benefits and help

<u>Co-chairs</u>: Carlo Calfapietra, Niki Frantzeskaki and Christopher Raymond <u>Members</u>: Pam Berry, Margaretha Breil, Mihai R. Nita, Nadja Kabisch , Mark de Bel, Vera Enzi, Niki Frantzeskaki, Davide Geneletti, Marco Cardinaletti, Leor Lovinger, Corina Basnou, Ana Monteiro, Holger Robrecht, Gregorio Sgrigna, Laura Munari

Link!



NBS challenges - EKLIPSE NBS IEF

Manageme Water

> Coastal Resilience

Green Space

Methods

Indicator

Impacts

NBS

(Objectives & Actions)

urban eneration

Alir

Sublic Health

& Well.

Social Cohesion

- Climate mitigation and adaptation
- Water management
- ✓ Coastal resilience
- ✓ Green space management (including enhancing/conserving urban biodiversity) Social Justice &
- ✓ Air/ambient quality
- ✓ Urban regeneration
- Participatory planning and governance
- ✓ Social justice and social cohesión
- Public health and well-being
- ✓ Potential for new economic opportunities and green jobs

Eg: climate mitigation

	Tonnes of carbon removed or stored per unit area per unit time (Zheng et al., 2013), total amount of carbon (tonnes) stored in vegetation (Davies et al., 2011).
Carbon savings per unit area (environmental, chemical) Carbon storage and sequestration in vegetation and soil (Davies et al., 2011 Demuzere et al., 2014).	Comparison with calculations of carbon consumption of equivalent non-NBS actions (e.g. through Life Cycle Assessment).
	Allometric forest models of carbon sequestration, developed using proxy data obtained from Lidar data (Giannico et al., 2016).
	Growth rates derived from Forest Inventory Analysis (Zheng et al., 2013).
	Other metrics
Carbon savings per unit area (economic) Value of carbon	Measurements of gross and net carbon sequestration of urban trees based on calculation of the biomass of each measured tree (i-Tree Eco model), translated into avoided social costs of CO2 emissions (USD t-1 carbon).
(Baró et al., 2014).	Other metrics
Temperature reduction (environmental, physical)	Decrease in mean or peak daytime local temperatures (oC) (Demuzere et al., 2014).
	Measures of human comfort e.g. ENVIMET PET — Physiological Equivalent Temperature, or PMV — Predicted Mean Vote.
	Heatwave risks (number of combined tropical nights (>20oC) and hot days (>35oC)) following Fischer, Schär, 2010, cited by Baró et al. (2015).
	Other metrics
Energy and carbon savings from reduced building energy consumption	kWh/y and t C/y saved.
(environmental, physical)	Other metrics



NBS Horizon2020 Project Task Force on NBS IEF

Objectives:

- Develop and improve IEF Eklipse
- Enhance the usability of the evidence base for NBS by upscaling and meta analyses of the demonstration project's outputs.
- Link and contribute to other EU and Global work on sustainable urban indicators (e.g. MAES, SDG 11 indicators, Eurostat, Urban Agenda, EEA, EC Smart Cities indicators).
- Link these developments with the development of a European reference framework on naturebased solutions – including common protocols.



An impact evaluation framework to support planning and evaluation of nature-based solutions projects

An EKLIPSE Expert Working Group report





NBS Project Task Force on NBS IEF

Climate change adaptation and mitigation

- Carbon savings
 - Tonnes of carbon removed or stored per unit area per unit and total amount of carbon (tonnes) stored in vegetation
- Temperature reduction
 - Decrease in mean or peak daytime local temperatures (°C)
 - ✓ Heatwave risks (number of combined tropical nights (≥20 °C) and hot days (≥35°C)

Water management

- Physical indicators for flood reduction:
 - Flood peak reduction. Increase time to peak
 - Run-off coefficient in relation to precipitation quantities (mm/%)
- Chemical indicators for water quality
 - Abatement of nutrients (N,P) and metal pollutants (%) in surface water



NBS Project Task Force on

NBS IEF

Green Space Management

- Social indicators
 - Distribution of public green space total surface or per capita
 - Accessibility (measured as distance or time) of urban green spaces for population (Tamosiunas et al., 2014).
- Environmental indicators:
 - <u>Possibly</u>: connectivity of green infrastructure (changes in the pattern of structural and functional connectivity)

Air Quality

- Environmental
 - Annual amount of pollutants captured/removed by vegetation
 - <u>Possibly</u>: Pollutant concentrations (NOX, VOC, O3, PM10, and PM2.5)
- Social
 - ✓ Years of life lost (YLL)



NBS Project Task Force on NBS IEF

Economic opportunities and green jobs

- Change in mean or median land and property prices (Forestry Commission, 2005).
- Possibly: New businesses attracted and additional business rates
- Possibly: Number of jobs created

Next step:

> To agree on common methodologies, protocols, calculations...





NBS Project Task Force on NBS IEF

Opportunities for a common NBS Impact Assessment Framework

- Uptake of the framework by the EU R&I Policy Agenda on NBS
- Uptake by the EU Urban Agenda partnership on land use and NBS
- > Uptake by local/regional authorities, land managers

Barriers

- > Agreement on the indicators progressing slow
- Need to address other challenges





Thank you and...

An open invitation to work, together, with nature!

EC R&I Nature-Based Solutions

Horizon2020

